

## Anti-Anti-DDB1 Antibody

Catalog Number: A00333

### About DDB1

DDB1 is also known as damage-specific DNA binding protein 1, DDB p127 subunit, DDBa, UV-damaged DNA-binding protein 1, UV-DDB 1, Xeroderma pigmentosum group E complementing protein, XPCe, X-associated protein 1 and XAP-1. The DDB1 gene encodes the large subunit (p127) of DNA damage-binding protein, which is a heterodimer, composed of a large and a small subunit (p48 DDB2). This nuclear protein functions in nucleotide-excision repair resulting from UV-damaged DNA by binding to pyrimidine dimers. Its defective activity causes the repair defect in the patients with xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group E (XPE). XP-E is a rare human autosomal recessive disease characterized by solar sensitivity, high predisposition for developing cancers on areas exposed to sunlight and, in some cases, neurological abnormalities. DDB1 antibody is involved in Epigenetic and Cancer / DNA Damage research.

### Overview

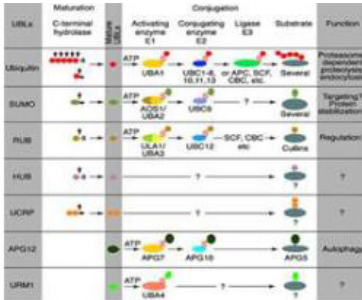
Product Name	Anti-Anti-DDB1 Antibody
Reactive Species	Human, Mouse
Description	Boster Bio Anti-Anti-DDB1 Antibody (Catalog # A00333). Tested in IP, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse.
Application	ELISA, IP, IHC, WB
Clonality	Polyclonal
Formulation	0.01% (w/v) Sodium Azide
Storage Instructions	Store Anti-DDB1 at -20°C prior to opening. Aliquot contents and freeze at -20°C or below for extended storage. Avoid cycles of freezing and thawing. Centrifuge product if not completely clear after standing at room temperature. This product is stable for several weeks at 4°C as an undiluted liquid. Dilute only prior to immediate use. Expiration date is one (1) year from date of opening. (Ship on dry ice.)
Host	Rabbit
Uniprot ID	Q16531

### Technical Details

Immunogen	DDB1 antibody was prepared from whole rabbit serum produced by repeated immunizations with a synthetic peptide corresponding to amino acids 198-213 of Human DDB1 (internal) coupled to KLH.
Predicted Reactive Species	Equine, Pig
Isotype	Antiserum
Form	Liquid (sterile filtered)

Concentration	85 mg/mL by Refractometry
Purification	Anti-DDB1 is monospecific antiserum processed by delipidation and defibrination followed by sterile filtration. This product reacts with human and mouse DDB1. Cross-reactivity with DDB1 from other sources is not known.
Suggested Dilutions	ELISA: 1:2,000 - 1:10,000 IHC: User optimized IP: 1:500 WB: 1:500 - 1:1,000 Anti-DDB1 antibody reacts with human and mouse DDB1 tested by western blot and immunoprecipitation. The antibody immunoprecipitates in vitro translated protein and protein from cell lysates (using HeLa, NIH-3T3, and others). Coimmunoprecipitation of related proteins has not been tested. A 127.0 kDa band corresponding to human DDB1 is detected. Most cell lines expressing DDB1 can be used as a positive control. Researchers should determine optimal titers for other applications.

## Anti-Anti-DDB1 Antibody (A00333) Images



Most modifiers mature by proteolytic processing from inactive precursors (a; amino acid). Arrowheads point to the cleavage sites. Ubiquitin is expressed either as polyubiquitin or as a fusion with ribosomal proteins. Conjugation requires activating (E1) and conjugating (E2) enzymes that form thioesters (S) with the modifiers. Modification of cullins by RUB involves SCF(SKP1/cullin-1/F-box protein) /CBC(cullin-2/elongin B/elonginC) -like E3 enzymes that are also involved in ubiquitination. In contrast to ubiquitin, the UBLs do not seem to form multi-UBL chains. UCRP(USP15) resembles two ubiquitin moieties linked head-to-tail. Whether HUB1 functions as a modifier is currently unclear. APG12 and URM1 are distinct from the other modifiers because they are unrelated in sequence to ubiquitin. Data contributed by S.Jentsch.

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### Anti-Anti-DDB1 Antibody

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.