

Anti-MIPOL1 Antibody Picoband® Fluoro594 Conjugated

Catalog Number: A11968-1-Fluoro594

About MIPOL1

MIPOL1 (Mirror Image Polydactyly 1), also known as CCDC193 (Coiled-coil domain containing 193), is a protein that in humans is encoded by the MIPOL1 gene. This gene encodes a coiled-coil domain-containing protein. The encoded protein may function as a tumor suppressor. A translocation that results in truncation of the protein encoded by this locus has been associated with mirror-image polydactyly, also known as Laurin-Sandrow Syndrome. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described.

Overview

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Product Name | Anti-MIPOL1 Antibody Picoband® Fluoro594 Conjugated |
| Reactive Species | Human, Mouse, Rat |
| Application | Recommended applications are based on the parent unconjugated antibody (ELISA, Flow Cytometry, WB). Customers may select suitable applications according to their experimental needs. |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Formulation | Each vial contains 50% glycerol, 0.9% NaCl, 0.2% Na ₂ HPO ₄ , 0.02% Na ₃ . |
| Storage Instructions | At -20°C for one year from date of receipt. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Protect from light. |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Uniprot ID | Q8TD10 |

Technical Details

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Immunogen | E.coli-derived human MIPOL1 recombinant protein (Position: N63-A399). |
| Cross Reactivity | No cross-reactivity with other proteins. |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Form | Liquid |
| Concentration | 0.5 mg/mL |
| Purification | Immunogen affinity purified. |
| Conjugate | Fluoro594 Excitation Wavelength: 593 nm Emission Wavelength: 618 nm |
| Suggested Dilutions | Optimal dilutions should be determined by end users. |

Submit a product review to Biocompare.com

Submit a review of this product to Biocompare.com to receive a \$20 Amazon.com giftcard! Your reviews help your fellow scientists make the right decisions. Thank you for your contribution.



Anti-MIPOL1 Antibody - Fluoro594

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.