



PicoKine™ ELISA

Catalog number: EK1244

For the quantitation of **Human LUM** concentrations in cell culture supernates, serum and plasma(heparin).

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Human Lumican ELISA Kit PicoKine™

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Assay Principle

The Boster Picokine™ Human LUM Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Human LUM with a 96-well strip plate that is pre-coated with antibody specific for LUM. The detection antibody is a biotinylated antibody specific for LUM. The capture antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. The kit contains recombinant Human LUM with immunogen: Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: Q19-N338. The kit is analytically validated with ready to use reagents.

To measure Human LUM, add standards and samples to the wells, then add the biotinylated detection antibody. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (ABC-HRP). Wash away the unbound ABC-HRP with PBS or TBS buffer and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Human LUM in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Human LUM in the sample. For more information on assay principle, protocols, and troubleshooting tips, see Boster's ELISA Resource Center at <https://www.bosterbio.com/elisa-technical-resource-center>.

Overview

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| Product Name | Human Lumican ELISA Kit PicoKine™ |
| Reactive Species | Human |
| Size | 96wells/kit, with removable strips. |
| Description | Sandwich High Sensitivity ELISA kit for Quantitative Detection of Human Lumican. 96wells/kit, with removable strips. |
| Sensitivity | <10pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration. |
| Detection Range | 156pg/ml-10,000pg/ml |
| Storage Instructions | Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles(Shipped with wet ice.) |
| Uniprot ID | P51884 |

Technical Details

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Capture/Detection Antibodies | The capture antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat, the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat. |
| Specificity | Natural and recombinant Human LUM |
| Immunogen | Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: Q19-N338 |
| Cross Reactivity | There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins. |

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

| Description | Quantity | Volume |
|--|----------|----------------------|
| Anti-Human LUM Pre-coated 96-well strip microplate | 1 | 12 strips of 8 wells |
| Human LUM Standard | 2 | 10ng/tube |
| Human LUM Biotinylated antibody (100x) | 1 | 130 µl |
| Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) | 1 | 130 µl |
| Sample Diluent | 1 | 30ml |
| Antibody Diluent | 1 | 12ml |
| Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent | 1 | 12ml |
| Color Developing Reagent (TMB) | 1 | 10ml |
| Stop Solution | 1 | 10ml |

| | | |
|--------------------|---|-------|
| Wash Buffer Powder | 1 | Pack |
| Plate Sealers | 4 | Piece |

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500ml graduated cylinders.

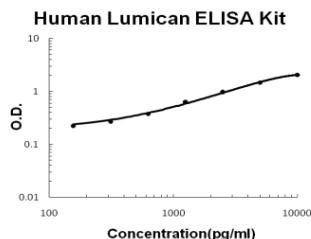
Test tubes for dilution.

Human Lumican ELISA Kit PicoKine™ (EK1244) Standard Curve Example

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Concentration (pg/ml) | 0 | 156 | 312 | 625 | 1250 | 2500 | 5000 | 10000 |
| O.D. | 0.133 | 0.223 | 0.270 | 0.373 | 0.631 | 0.973 | 1.454 | 2.046 |

Human Lumican PicoKine ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

Boster spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

| Sample | Intra-Assay Precision | | | Inter-Assay Precision | | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| n | 16 | 16 | 16 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Mean(pg/ml) | 349 | 1777 | 5103 | 367 | 1619 | 4802 |
| Standard deviation | 23.03 | 103.06 | 372.51 | 24.58 | 119.8 | 403.36 |
| CV(%) | 6.6% | 5.8% | 7.3% | 6.7% | 7.4% | 8.4% |

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

| Lots | Lot1 (pg/ml) | Lot2 (pg/ml) | Lot3 (pg/ml) | Lot4 (pg/ml) | Mean (pg/ml) | Standard Deviation | CV (%) |
|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------|
| Sample 1 | 349 | 325 | 293 | 350 | 329 | 23.19 | 7% |
| Sample 2 | 1777 | 1805 | 2029 | 1826 | 1859 | 99.53 | 5.3% |
| Sample 3 | 5103 | 4485 | 4831 | 4805 | 4806 | 219.01 | 4.5% |

*number of samples for each test n=16.

Preparation Before The Experiment

| Item | Preparation |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| All reagents | Bring all reagents to 37°C prior to use. The assay can also be done at room temperature however we recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25min) is based on 37°C. |
| Wash buffer | Disolve the wash buffer powder in 1000ml of water to make 1X PBS wash buffer. |
| Biotinylated Anti-Human LUM antibody | It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Human LUM Biotinylated antibody (100x) 1:100 with Antibody Diluent. Prepare 100 µl by adding 1 µl of Biotinylated antibody (100x) to 99 µl of Antibody Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| | hours of generation. |
| Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex | It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) 1:100 with Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent. Prepare 100 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex (100x) to 99 μ l of Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Diluent for each well. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation. |
| Human LUM Standard | It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10ng of lyophilized Human LUM standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. |
| Microplate | The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging. |

Dilution of Human LUM Standard

1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 –10000pg/ml, #2 –5000pg/ml, #3 – 2500pg/ml, #4 – 1250pg/ml, #5 – 625pg/ml, #6 – 312.5pg/ml, #7 – 156.25pg/ml, #8 – Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0pg/ml).
2. For standard #1, add 1000 μ l of undiluted standard stock solution to tube #1.
3. Add 300 μ l of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μ l of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
5. To generate standard #3, add 300 μ l of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.

Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

| Sample Type | Procedure |
|---------------------------|---|
| Cell culture supernatants | Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. |
| Serum | Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. |
| Plasma | Collect plasma using heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat |

plasma for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 μ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
3. Add 100 μ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add 100 μ l of the sample diluent buffer into the zero well. At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 120 minutes at RT (or 90 min. at 37 °C).
5. Remove the cover and discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
6. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Biotinylated Anti-Human LUM antibody to each well.
7. Cover with plate sealer and incubate for 90 minutes at RT (or 60 minutes at 37°C).
8. Wash the plate 3 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
9. Add 100 μ l of the prepared 1x Avidin-Biotin-Peroxidase Complex into each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 40 minutes at RT (or 30 minutes at 37°C).
10. Wash the plate 5 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 60 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 4 additional times.
11. Add 90 μ l of Color Developing Reagent to each well. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate in the dark for 30 minutes at RT (or 15-25 minutes at 37°C). (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
12. Add 100 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
13. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on LUM

Lumican, also known as LUM, is a protein which in humans is encoded by the LUM gene. This gene is a member of the small interstitial proteoglycan gene (SIPG) family, and it is a keratan sulfate proteoglycan which presents large quantities in the corneal stroma and in interstitial collagenous matrices of the heart, aorta, skeletal muscle, skin, and intervertebral discs. Lumican is mapped to 12q21.33, it interacts with collagen and limits growth of fibrils in diameter. In the cornea, Lumican not only interacts with collagen molecules to limit fibril growth, but also plays a critical role in the regular spacing of fibrils and acquisition of corneal transparency by virtue of its keratan sulfate-containing glycosaminoglycan side chains LDC.

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