



PicoKine™ Quick ELISA

Catalog number: FEK0375

For the quantitation of **Mouse Ifng** concentrations in
bone tissue, cell culture supernates and serum.

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this
product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Mouse IFN Gamma / IFNG / Interferon gamma PicoKine™ Quick ELISA Kit

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Assay Principle

The Boster Quick Picokine™ Mouse Ifng Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Mouse Ifng in cell culture supernates and serum. It uses our proprietary Quick ELISA technology. Quick ELISA technology employs capture antibodies conjugated to an affinity tag that is recognized by the monoclonal antibody used to coat our Quick ELISA plates. This approach to sandwich ELISA allows the formation of the antibody-analyte sandwich complex in a single step, significantly reducing assay time. The kit contains recombinant Mouse Ifng with immunogen: Expression system for standard: CHO; Immunogen sequence: Q283-R396.

To measure Mouse Ifng, add standards and samples to the wells, then add antibody cocktail. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add TMB. TMB is substrate to HRP and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding acidic stop solution. The density of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Mouse Ifng in the sample. Read the density of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Mouse Ifng in the sample. For more information on assay principle, protocols, and troubleshooting tips, see Boster's ELISA Resource Center at <https://www.bosterbio.com/elisa-technical-resource-center>.

Overview

Product Name	Mouse IFN Gamma / IFNG / Interferon gamma PicoKine™ Quick ELISA Kit
Reactive Species	Mouse
Size	96wells/kit, with removable strips.
Description	The Quick Picokine ELISA kits, assay takes less than 1.5 hours. Detect Mouse Ifng with <5pg/ml sensitivity. Format: 96-well plate with removable strips. Compatible samples: bone tissue, cell culture supernates and serum. This is a TMB colorimetric sandwich ELISA kit with short assay time and quick experiment set up.
Sensitivity	<5pg/ml *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	31.2pg/ml-2000pg/ml
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles. (Shipped with wet ice.)
Uniprot ID	P01580

Technical Details

Specificity	Natural and recombinant Mouse Ifng
Immunogen	Expression system for standard: CHO; Immunogen sequence: Q283-R396
Cross Reactivity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

Notice Before Application

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

1. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
2. Before using the Kit, spin tubes and bring down all components to the bottom of tubes.
3. Don't let 96-well plate dry, for dry plate will inactivate active components on plate.
4. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross contamination.
5. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.

Kit Components/Materials Provided

Description	Quantity	Volume
Anti-tag Pre-coated 96-Well Strip Microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells
Mouse Ifng Standard	2	10ng/tube
Mouse Ifng Antibody Cocktail (Read the label to find dilution ratio)	1	Read the label to find volume
Sample Diluent	1	15ml
TBS-T Wash Buffer (25x)	1	12ml
Antibody Cocktail Diluent	1	6ml
Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10ml
Stop Solution	1	10ml
Plate Sealers	2	Piece

Required Materials That Are Not Supplied

Microplate Reader capable of reading absorbance at 450nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for large amount of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500ml graduated cylinders.

Test tubes for dilution.

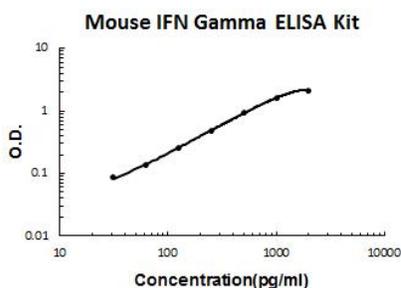
Horizontal orbital microplate shaker capable of maintaining a speed of 5Hz, amplitude 15mm.

Mouse Ifng PicoKine™ Quick ELISA Kit (FEK0375) Standard Curve Example

Highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentration (pg/ml)	0	31.2	62.5	125	250	500	1000	2000
O.D.	0.072	0.160	0.211	0.328	0.55	0.996	1.684	2.217

Mouse Ifng PicoKine ELISA Kit standard curve



A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.

Intra/Inter Assay Variability

Boster spend great efforts in documenting lot to lot variability and make sure our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

Inter-Assay Precision (Precision accross assays): Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra-Assay Precision			Inter-Assay Precision		
	1	2	3	1	2	3
Sample n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean(pg/ml)	90	248	1038	92	258	860
Standard deviation	6.75	15.87	82.00	8.28	17.61	76.54
CV(%)	7.5%	6.4%	7.9%	9.0%	6.8%	8.9%

Reproducibility

To assay reproducibility, three samples with differing target protein concentrations were assayed using four different lots.

Lots	Lot1 (pg/ml)	Lot2 (pg/ml)	Lot3 (pg/ml)	Lot4 (pg/ml)	Mean (pg/ml)	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	90	97	92	86	91	3.96	4.3%
Sample 2	248	254	259	245	251	5.40	2.1%
Sample 3	1038	974	860	893	941	69.57	7.3%

*number of samples for each test n=16.

Preparation Before The Experiment

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to room temperature prior to use.
Wash Buffer(25x)	Add 10ml of Wash Buffer into 240ml of deionized water.

Mouse Ifng Antibody Cocktail	It is recommended to prepare this reagent immediately prior to use by diluting the Mouse Ifng Antibody Cocktail using the dilution ratio on the vial label with Antibody Cocktail Diluent. For instance, if the dilution ratio is 1:50, prepare 50 μ l by adding 1 μ l of Mouse Ifng Antibody Cocktail to 49 μ l of Antibody Cocktail Diluent. Mix gently and thoroughly and use within 2 hours of generation.
Mouse Ifng Standard	It is recommended that the standards be prepared no more than 2 hours prior to performing the experiment. Use one 10ng of lyophilized Mouse Ifng standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.
Microplate	The included microplate is coated with tag antibodies and ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

Dilution of Mouse Ifng Standard

1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1 –2000pg/ml, #2 –1000pg/ml, #3 – 500pg/ml, #4 – 250pg/ml, #5 – 125pg/ml, #6 – 62.5pg/ml, #7 – 31.25pg/ml, #8 – Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0pg/ml).
2. To generate standard #1, add 200 μ l of the reconstituted standard stock solution of 10ng/ml and 800 μ l of sample diluent to tube #1 for a final volume of 1000 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
3. Add 300 μ l of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
4. To generate standard #2, add 300 μ l of standard #1 from tube #1 to tube #2 for a final volume of 600 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
5. To generate standard #3, add 300 μ l of standard #2 from tube #2 to tube #3 for a final volume of 600 μ l. Mix thoroughly.
6. Continue the serial dilution for tube #4-7.

Sample Preparation and Storage

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

Sample Type	Procedure
Cell culture supernatants	Clear sample of particulates by centrifugation, assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately 1,000 x g. assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.

Sample Dilution

The target protein concentration should be estimated and appropriate sample dilutions should be selected such that the final protein concentration lies near the middle of the linear dynamic range of the assay.

It is recommended to prepare 150 μ l of sample for each replicate to be assayed. The samples should be diluted with sample diluent and mixed gently.

Assay protocol

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
3. Add 50 μ l of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add 50 μ l of Sample Diluent into the Zero well. And add 50 μ l of the prepared 1x Mouse Ifng Antibody Cocktail per well. At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
4. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 60 minutes at RT on the shaker.
5. Wash the plate 4 times with the 1x wash buffer.
 - a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
 - b. Add 300 μ l of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 90 seconds between each wash).
 - c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
6. Add 90 μ l of Color Developing Reagent to each well and incubate in the dark for 15 minutes at RT. (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
7. Add 100 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
8. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

Data Analysis

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative OD against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Background on Ifng

Interferon-gamma(IFN-gamma) is an inflammatory cytokine that has been implicated in the development of fibrosis in inflamed tissues. The production of IFN-gamma, which is under genetic control, can influence the development of fibrosis in lung allografts. IFN-gamma is also produced by natural killer(NK) cells and most prominently by CD8 cytotoxic T cells, and is vital for the control of microbial pathogens. Interferon gamma is believed to be crucial for host defence against many infections. Genetically determined variability in IFN-gamma and expression might be important for the development of tuberculosis. IFN-gamma activates human macrophage oxidative metabolism and antimicrobial activity. In addition to having antiviral activity, IFN-gamma has important immunoregulatory functions. IFN-gamma plays an important role in the control of neointima proliferation.

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