

# PicoKine™ Quick ELISA Kit

Catalog number: FEK0853

For the quantitation of **Human LCN2** concentrations in culture supernatants, serum, plasma (heparin), saliva and urine.

This package insert must be read in its entirety before using this product. For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



# Human Lipocalin-2/NGAL PicoKine® Quick ELISA Kit

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#### **Assay Principle**

The Boster Quick Picokine™ Human LCN2 Pre-Coated ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is a solid phase immunoassay specially designed to measure Human LCN2 in culture supernatants, serum, plasma (heparin), saliva and urine. It uses our proprietary Quick ELISA technology. Quick ELISA technology employs capture antibodies conjugated to an affinity tag that is recognized by the polyclonal antibody used to coat our Quick ELISA plates. This approach to sandwich ELISA allows the formation of the antibody-analyte sandwich complex in a single step, significantly reducing assay time. The kit includes Human LCN2 protein as standards.

To measure Human LCN2, add standards and samples to the wells, then add antibody cocktail. Wash the wells with PBS or TBS buffer, and add TMB. TMB is an HRP substrate and will be catalyzed to produce a blue color product, which changes into yellow after adding the acidic stop solution. The absorbance of the yellow product is linearly proportional to Human LCN2 in the sample. Read the absorbance of the yellow product in each well using a plate reader, and benchmark the sample wells' readings against the standard curve to determine the concentration of Human LCN2 in the sample. For more information on assay principle, protocols, and troubleshooting tips, see Boster's ELISA Resource Center at https://www.bosterbio.com/elisa-technical-resource-center.

#### Overview

Product Name	Human Lipocalin-2/NGAL PicoKine® Quick ELISA Kit
Reactive Species	Human
Size	96 wells/kit, with removable strips.
Description	Human Lipocalin-2/NGAL PicoKine™ Quick ELISA Kit (90 minutes, 96 Tests). Quantitate Human LCN2 in culture supernatants, serum, plasma (heparin), saliva and urine . Sensitivity: 10pg/ml.
Sensitivity	<10 pg/ml  *The sensitivity or the minimum detectable dose (MDD) is the lower limit of the target protein that can be detected by the kit. It is determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. value of twenty (20) blank wells and calculating the corresponding concentration.
Detection Range	156 pg/ml - 10,000 pg/ml
Storage Instructions	Store at 4°C for 6 months, at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles (Ships with gel ice, can store for up to 3 days in room temperature. Freeze upon receiving.)
Uniprot ID	P80188



#### **Technical Details**

Capture/Detection Antibodies	The capture antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat and the detection antibody is polyclonal antibody from goat.
Specificity	Natural and recombinant Human LCN2
Standard	Expression system for standard: NSO; Immunogen sequence: Q21-G198
Cross Reactivity	There is no detectable cross-reactivity with other relevant proteins.

### **Notice Before Application**

Please read the following instructions before starting the experiment.

- 1. Read this manual in its entirety in order to minimize the chance of error.
- 2. Confirm that you have the appropriate non-supplied equipment available.
- 3. Confirm that the species, target antigen, and sensitivity of this kit are appropriate for your intended application.
- 4. Confirm that your samples have been prepared appropriately based upon recommendations (see Sample Preparation) and that you have sufficient sample volume for use in the assay.
- 5. When first using a kit, appropriate validation steps should be taken before using valuable samples. Confirm that the kit adequately detects the target antigen in your intended sample type(s) by running control samples.
- 6. If the concentration of target antigen within your samples is unknown, a preliminary experiment should be run using a control sample to determine the optimal sample dilution (see Sample Preparation).
- 7. To inspect the validity of experiment operation and the appropriateness of sample dilution proportion, a pilot experiment using standards and a small number of samples is recommended.
- 8. Before using the kit, spin tubes to bring down all components to the bottom of the tubes.
- 9. Don't let the 96-well plate dry out since this will inactivate active components on the plate.
- 10. Don't reuse tips and tubes to avoid cross-contamination.
- 11. Avoid using the reagents from different batches together.
- 12. The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date on the kit label. Any variation in diluent, operator, pipetting technique, washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can cause variation in binding. Variations in sample collection, processing, and storage may cause sample value differences.



# Kit Components/Materials Provided

Catalog number	Description	Quantity	Volume
FEK0853-CAP	Anti-tag Pre-coated 96-well Strip Microplate	1	12 strips of 8 wells
EK0853-ST	Human LCN2 Standard	2	10 ng/tube
FEK0853-A	Human LCN2 Antibody A	1	3 ml
FEK0853-B	Human LCN2 Antibody B	1	3 ml
AR1106-1	Sample Diluent	1	15 ml
AR1106-7	TBS-T Wash Buffer (25x)	1	12 ml
AR1104	Color Developing Reagent (TMB)	1	10 ml
AR1105	Stop Solution	1	10 ml
PLA-SEA	Adhesive Plate Sealers	2	Piece

## **Required Materials That Are Not Supplied**

Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm.

Automated plate washer (optional)

Pipettes and pipette tips capable of precisely dispensing 0.5 µl through 1 ml volumes of aqueous solutions.

Multichannel pipettes are recommended for a large numbers of samples.

Deionized or distilled water.

500 ml graduated cylinders.

Test tubes for dilution.

Horizontal orbital microplate shaker capable of maintaining a speed of 500 rpm, amplitude 3 mm.

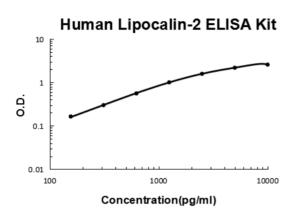


## Human Lipocalin-2/NGAL PicoKine® Quick ELISA Kit (FEK0853) Standard Curve Example

The highest O.D. value might be higher or lower than in the example. The experiment result is statistically significant if the highest O.D. value is no less than 1.0.

Concentra	ation0	156	312	625	1250	2500	5000	10000
(pg/ml)								
O.D.	0.030	0.194	0.330	0.588	1.035	1.606	2.212	2.599

A standard curve is provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.



# Intra/Inter Assay Variability

Boster spend great efforts in documenting lot-to-lot variability and ensuring our assay kits produce robust data that are reproducible.

Intra-Assay Precision (Precision within an assay): Three samples of known concentration were tested on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

**Inter-Assay Precision (Precision across assays):** Three samples of known concentration were tested in separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra-Assay Precisi	on	Inter-Assay Precision			
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	16	16	16	24	24	24
Mean (pg/ml)	285	1624	5541	290	1737	5384
Standard deviation	18.52	86.07	243.8	22.04	99	285.35
CV (%)	6.5%	5.3%	4.4%	7.6%	5.7%	5.3%



## Reproducibility

We ensure reproducibility by testing three samples with differing concentrations of Bdnf in ELISA kits from four different production batches/lots.

Lots	Lot 1 (pg/ml)	Lot 2 (pg/ml)	Lot 3 (pg/ml)	Lot 4 (pg/ml)	Mean (pg/ml)	Standard Deviation	CV (%)
Sample 1	285	255	236	267	253	15.43	6.1%
Sample 2	1624	1649	1587	1810	1667	120.02	7.2%
Sample 3	5541	5497	5323	4757	5279	306.18	5.8%

<sup>\*</sup>number of samples for each test n=16.

#### **Preparation Before The Experiment**

Item	Preparation
All reagents	Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) prior to use. Please DO NOT equilibrate unused plate well strips to room temperature. They should be sealed and stored in the original packaging. We recommend doing it at 37°C for best consistency with our QC results. Also, the TMB incubation time estimate (15-25 min) is based on incubation at 37°C. It is recommended that all reagents be prepared no more than 1 hour prior to performing the experiment.
TBS-T Wash Buffer (25x)	Add 12 ml of Wash Buffer into 288 ml of deionized water.
Human LCN2 Standard	Use one 10 ng of lyophilized Human LCN2 standard for each experiment. Gently spin the vial prior to use. Reconstitute the standard to a stock concentration of 10 ng/ml using 1ml of sample diluent. Allow the standard to sit for a minimum of 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.
Human LCN2 Antibody Cocktail	Mix Antibody A and B at dilution ratio of 1:1.
Microplate	The included microplate is coated with capture antibodies and is ready-to-use. It does not require additional washing or blocking. The unused well strips should be sealed and stored in the original packaging.

#### Dilution of Human LCN2 Standard

- 1. Number tubes 1-8. Final Concentrations to be Tube # 1: 10,000.00 pg/ml, # 2: 5,000.00 pg/ml, # 3: 2,500.00 pg/ml, # 4: 1,250.00 pg/ml,
  - # 5: 625.00 pg/ml, # 6: 312.50 pg/ml, # 7: 156.25 pg/ml, # 8: Sample Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml).
- 2. For standard #1, add 1000 µl of undiluted standard stock solution to tube #1.
- 3. Add 300 µl of sample diluent to tubes # 2-7.
- 4. To generate standard # 2, add 300  $\mu$ l of standard # 1 from tube # 1 to tube # 2 for a final volume of 600  $\mu$ l. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. To generate standard # 3, add 300  $\mu$ l of standard # 2 from tube # 2 to tube # 3 for a final volume of 600  $\mu$ l. Mix thoroughly.







6. Continue the serial dilution for tube # 4-7.



## **Sample Preparation and Storage**

These sample collection instructions and storage conditions are intended as a general guideline, and the sample stability has not been evaluated.

Sample Type	Procedure
Serum	Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow serum to clot at room temperature for about four hours. Then, centrifuge for 15 min at approximately $1,000 \times g$ . assay immediately or store samples at -20°C.
Plasma	Collect plasma using heparin as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge for $15  \text{min}$ at approximately $1,000  \text{x}$ g. Assay immediately or store samples at -20°C. *Note: it is important to not use anticoagulants other than the ones described above to treat plasma, for other anticoagulants could block the antibody binding site.
Urine	Collect the first urine of the day, micturate directly into a sterile container. Remove impurities by centrifugation, assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C.
Saliva	Collect saliva using a collection device, aliquot and store samples at -20°C. The collection device should not have protein binding or filtering features.

## **Sample Collection Notes**

- 1. Boster recommends that samples are used immediately upon preparation.
- 2. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles for all samples.
- 3. In the event that a sample type not listed above is intended to be used with the kit, it is recommended that the customer conduct validation experiments in order to be confident in the results.
- 4. Due to chemical interference, the use of tissue or cell extraction samples prepared by chemical lysis buffers may result in inaccurate results.
- 5. Due to factors including cell viability, cell number, or sampling time, samples from cell culture supernatant may not be detected by the kit.
- 6. Samples should be brought to room temperature (18-25°C) before performing the assay without the use of extra heating.
- 7. Sample concentrations should be predicted before being used in the assay. If the sample concentration is not within the range of the standard curve, users must determine the optimal sample dilutions for their particular experiments.
- 8. Boster is responsible for the quality and performance of the kit components but is NOT responsible for the performance of customer supplied samples used with the kit.

## **Sample Dilution**

The user needs to estimate the concentration of the target protein in the sample and use an appropriate dilution factor so that the diluted target protein concentration falls in the range of O.D. values of the standard curve. Dilute the sample using provided diluent buffer. Pilot tests using a dilution series of each sample type is necessary. The sample must be mixed thoroughly with Sample Diluent.



### **Assay Protocol**

It is recommended that all reagents and materials be equilibrated to 37°C/room temperature prior to the experiment (see Preparation Before The Experiment if you have missed this information).

- 1. Prepare all reagents and working standards as directed previously.
- 2. Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and seal and store them in the original packaging.
- 3. Add 50 µl of the standard, samples, or control per well. Add 50µl of Sample Diluent into the Zero well. At least two replicates of each standard, sample, or control is recommended.
- 4. And add 50µl of Human LCN2 Antibody Cocktail per well.
- 5. Cover with the plate sealer provided and incubate for 60 minutes at room temperature on the shaker.
- 6. Wash the plate 4 times with the 1x wash buffer:
- a. Discard the liquid in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid. It is recommended that the wells are not allowed to completely dry at any time.
- b. Add 300 µl of the 1x wash buffer to each assay well. (For cleaner background incubate for 90 seconds between each wash).
- c. Repeat steps a-b 2 additional times.
- iscard the wash buffer in the wells into an appropriate waste receptacle. Then, invert the plate on the benchtop onto a paper towel and tap the plate to gently blot any remaining liquid.
- 7. Add 90 µl of Color Developing Reagent to each well and incubate in the dark for 15 minutes at RT. (The optimal incubation time must be empirically determined. A guideline to look for is blue shading the top four standard wells, while the remaining standards remain clear.)
- 8. Add 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well. The color should immediately change to yellow.
- 9. Within 30 minutes of stopping the reaction, the O.D. absorbance should be read with a microplate reader at 450nm.

### **Data Analysis**

Average the duplicate readings for each standard, sample, and control. Subtract the average zero standard O.D. reading.

It is recommended that a standard curve be created using computer software to generate a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. A free program capable of generating a four-parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit can be found online at: www.myassays.com/four-parameter-logistic-curve.assay.

Alternatively, plot the mean absorbance for each standard against the concentration. The measured concentration in the sample can be interpolated by using linear regression of each average relative O.D. against the standard curve generated using curve fitting software. This will generate an adequate but less precise fit of the data.

For diluted samples, the concentration reading from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.



## **Background on LCN2**

Lipocalin-2 (LCN2), also known as NGAL, is a protein associated with neutrophil gelatinase.1 The LCN2 gene is located at 9q34 and contains 7 exons.2 The 25-kD LCN2 protein is believed to bind small lipophilic substances such as bacteria-derived lipopolysaccharide (LPS) and formylpeptides and may function as a modulator of inflammation. NGAL tightly binds bacterial catecholate-type ferric siderophores through a cyclically permuted, hybrid electrostatic/cation-pi interaction and is a potent bacteriostatic agent in iron-limiting conditions.3 The primary LCN2 transcript is 3,696 nucleotides long, and the processed transcript is 809 nucleotides long.4 LCN2 expression in adult bone marrow, uterus, prostate, salivary gland, stomach, appendix, colon, trachea, and lung, and in fetal spleen and lung. The standard product used in this kit is recombinant human NGAL, consisting of 178 amino acids with the molecular mass of 22KDa.

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Human Lipocalin-2/NGAL ® Quick ELISA Kit