

Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified TUBA1A Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog Number: M03989-1

About TUBA1

The microtubules are intracellular dynamic polymers made up of evolutionarily conserved polymorphic alpha/beta-tubulin heterodimers and a large number of microtubule-associated proteins (MAPs). The microtubules consist of 13 protofilaments and have an outer diameter 25 nm. Microtubules have their intrinsic polarity; highly dynamic plus ends and less dynamic minus ends. Microtubules are required for vital processes in eukaryotic cells including mitosis, meiosis, maintenance of cell shape and intracellular transport. Microtubules are also necessary for movement of cells by means of flagella and cilia. In mammalian tissue culture cells microtubules have their minus ends anchored in microtubule organizing centers (MTOCs). The GTP (guanosintriphosphate) molecule is an essential for tubulin heterodimer to associate with other heterodimers to form microtubule. In vivo, microtubule dynamics vary considerably. Microtubule polymerization is reversible and a populations of microtubules in cells are on their minus ends either growing or shortening -; this phenomenon is called dynamic instability of microtubules. On a practical level, microtubules can easily be stabilized by the addition of non-hydrolysable analogues of GTP (eg. GMPPCP) or more commonly by anti-cancer drugs such as Taxol. Taxol stabilizes microtubules at room temperature for many hours. Using limited proteolysis by enzymes both tubulin subunits can be divided into N-terminal and C-terminal structural domains. The alpha-tubulin (relative molecular weight around 50 kDa) is globular protein that exists in cells as part of soluble alpha/beta-tubulin dimer or it is polymerized into microtubules. In different species it is coded by multiple tubulin genes that form tubulin classes (in human 6 genes). Expressed tubulin genes are named tubulin isotypes. Some of the tubulin isotypes are expressed ubiquitously, while some have more restricted tissue expression. Alpha-tubulin is also subject of numerous post-translational modifications. Tubulin isotypes and their posttranslational modifications are responsible for multiple tubulin charge variants - tubulin isoforms. Heterogeneity of alpha-tubulin is concentrated in C-terminal structural domain.

Overview

Product Name	Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified TUBA1A Monoclonal Antibody
Reactive Species	Dog, Human, Mouse, Pig, Rat, Nicotiana
Description	Boster Bio Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified TUBA1A Monoclonal Antibody (Catalog# M03989-1). Tested in IP, WB, IHC-P, ICC, ELISA application(s). This antibody reacts with Mouse, Rat, Pig, Nicotiana, Human, Dog.
Application	ELISA, IP, IHC-P, ICC, WB
Clonality	Monoclonal TU-16
Formulation	Tris buffered saline (TBS), pH 8.0, 15 mM sodium azide
Storage Instructions	Store at 2-8°C. Do not freeze.
Host	Mouse
Uniprot ID	Q71U36

Technical Details

Immunogen	Porcine brain microtubule protein MTP-1. The antibody TU-16 reacts with alpha-tubulin of all
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	tested species, under denaturing and non-denaturing conditions.
Predicted Reactive Species	Primate
Cross Reactivity	This antibody does not cross-react with Thy-1.1 alloantigen.
Isotype	Mouse IgM
Form	Liquid
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purification	Purified by sequential steps of physicochemical fractionation (differential precipitation and solid-phase chromatography methods).
Suggested Dilutions	<p>Dilute the sample so that the expected range of concentrations fall within the detection range of this kit.</p> <p>If the expected range of concentration is unknown, a pilot test should be conducted to decide the optimal dilution ratio for your samples.</p> <p>Some PubMed article(s) citing the expression level of this target are as follows:</p> <p>Boster Bio's internal QC testing used:</p> <p>Immunohistochemistry (paraffin sections): 10 ug/ml.</p> <p>Immunoprecipitation: Reducing conditions.</p> <p>Western blotting: 1-2 ug/ml. This antibody can be used for Western blotting, but its alternative TU-02 (11-447-C100) gives better signal in this application.</p>

Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified TUBA1A Monoclonal Antibody (M03989-1) Images

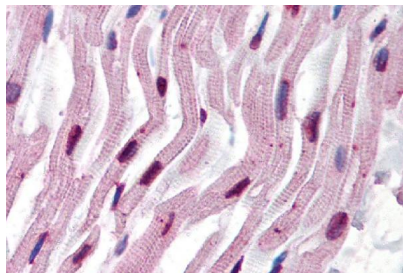


Figure 2. Immunohistochemistry validation of TUBA1A using Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified TUBA1A Monoclonal Antibody (M03989-1).

Immunohistochemistry staining of human heart (paraffin sections) using anti-alpha tubulin (TU-16). Commercially tested by LifeSpan BioSciences. For more protocol information of IHC

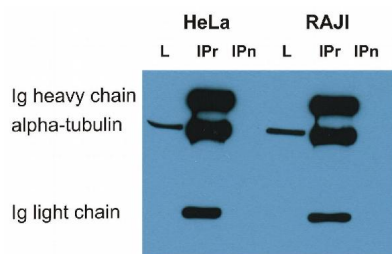


Figure 1. IP validation of TUBA1A using Anti-alpha-Tubulin Purified TUBA1A Monoclonal Antibody (M03989-1).

Immunoprecipitation of alpha-tubulin from HeLa and RAJI cell lysate by antibody TU-16 and its detection by antibody TU-01. IgM heavy chain (76-92 kDa) and IgM light chain (25-30 kDa) indicated. Mr of alpha tubulin is around 50 kDa.
L = lysate
IPr = immunoprecipitate (reducing conditions)

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